

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 9**To improve nutrition, food safety and food security, throughout the life-course, and in support of public health and sustainable development****Scope**

Work under this strategic objective focuses on nutritional quality and safety of foods; promotion of healthy dietary practices throughout the life-course, starting with pregnant women, breastfeeding and adequate complementary feeding, and considering diet-related chronic diseases; prevention and control of nutritional disorders, including micronutrient deficiencies, especially among biologically and socially vulnerable groups, with emphasis on emergencies, and in the context of HIV/AIDS epidemics; prevention and control of zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases; stimulation of intersectoral actions promoting the production and consumption of, and access to, food of adequate quality and safety; and promotion of higher levels of investment in nutrition, food safety and food security at global, regional and national levels.

Links with other strategic objectives

Achievement of the strategic objective requires strong links and effective collaboration with other strategic objectives, in particular:

- strategic objective 1: in relation to prevention of zoonoses and foodborne diseases
- strategic objective 2: especially in expanding and improving interventions related to HIV/AIDS prevention, treatment, care and support
- strategic objective 4: in relation to public-health interventions for maternal, newborn, child and adolescent health
- strategic objective 5: in relation to minimizing the impact of emergency situations on the nutritional status of populations
- strategic objective 6: in relation to promotion of healthy dietary practices throughout the life-course
- strategic objective 8: in relation to environmental health risks.

Total budget by location for the strategic objective for 2008-2009 (US\$ thousand)

Budget (US\$ thousand)							
Africa	The Americas	South-East Asia	Europe	Eastern Mediterranean	Western Pacific	Headquarters	TOTAL
39 778	14 608	13 939	5 975	8 938	19 273	24 423	126 934

Resource breakdown for the strategic objective for 2008-2009 (US\$ thousand)

	Countries	Regions	Headquarters	TOTAL
All financing 2008-2009	54 781	47 730	24 423	126 934
Percentage by level	43	38	19	

Budget by organization-wide expected result and location

9.1 Partnerships and alliances formed, leadership built and coordination and networking developed with all stakeholders at country, regional and global levels, in order to promote advocacy and	INDICATORS	
	9.1.1 Number of selected low-income countries that have institutionalized and functional coordination mechanisms to promote intersectoral approaches and actions in the area of food safety, food security and nutrition	9.1.2 Number of targeted low-income countries that have included nutrition, food-safety and food-security activities in their sector-wide approaches, Poverty Reduction Strategy Papers and/or development policies, plans and budgets, including a mechanism for financing nutrition and food-safety activities
	BASELINE	
	No information available	14 countries (for Poverty Reduction Strategy Papers)

communication, stimulate intersectoral actions, increase investment in nutrition, food-safety and food-security interventions, and develop and support a research agenda.	TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED BY 2009						
	30 countries				30 countries		
Budget (US\$ thousand)							
Africa	The Americas	South-East Asia	Europe	Eastern Mediterranean	Western Pacific	Headquarters	TOTAL
4 133	2 767	1 483	797	1 986	3 855	1 954	16 975

9.2 Norms, including references, requirements, research priorities, guidelines, training manuals and standards, produced and disseminated to Member States in order to increase their capacity to assess and respond to all forms of malnutrition, and zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases, and to promote healthy dietary practices.	INDICATORS						
	9.2.1 Number of new nutrition and food-safety standards, guidelines and training manuals produced and disseminated to countries and the international community				9.2.2 Number of new norms, standards, guidelines, tools and training materials for prevention and management of zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases		
	BASELINE						
	None				None		
TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED BY 2009							
15 norms				3 norms			
Budget (US\$ thousand)							
Africa	The Americas	South-East Asia	Europe	Eastern Mediterranean	Western Pacific	Headquarters	TOTAL
6 199	1 729	2 471	598	1 490	2 891	14 653	30 031

9.3 Monitoring and surveillance of needs and assessment and evaluation of responses in the area of nutrition and diet-related chronic diseases strengthened, and ability to identify best policy options improved, in stable and emergency situations.	INDICATORS						
	9.3.1 Number of countries that have adopted and implemented the WHO Child Growth Standards				9.3.2 Number of countries that have nationally representative surveillance data on major forms of malnutrition		
	BASELINE						
	20 countries				90 countries		
TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED BY 2009							
50 countries				100 countries			
Budget (US\$ thousand)							
Africa	The Americas	South-East Asia	Europe	Eastern Mediterranean	Western Pacific	Headquarters	TOTAL
7 232	1 545	2 570	1 295	1 986	1 927	1 954	18 509

PROPOSED PROGRAMME BUDGET 2008-2009

9.4 Capacity built and support provided to target Member States for the development, strengthening and implementation of nutrition plans, policies and programmes aimed at improving nutrition throughout the life-course, in stable and emergency situations.	INDICATORS														
	9.4.1 Number of selected countries receiving WHO support that have developed and implemented at least three high-priority actions recommended by the Global Strategy for Infant and Young Child Feeding		9.4.2 Number of selected countries receiving WHO support that have developed and implemented strategies to prevent and control micronutrient malnutrition		9.4.3 Number of selected countries receiving WHO support that have developed and implemented strategies to promote healthy dietary practices in order to prevent diet-related chronic disease		9.4.4 Number of selected low-income countries receiving WHO support that have included nutrition in their comprehensive responses to HIV/AIDS and other epidemics		9.4.5 Number of selected countries receiving WHO support that have strengthened national preparedness and response to nutritional emergencies						
	BASELINE														
	30 countries		10 countries		10 countries		35 countries		None						
	TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED BY 2009														
60 countries		30 countries		30 countries		35 countries		15 countries							
Budget (US\$ thousand)															
Africa		The Americas		South-East Asia		Europe		Eastern Mediterranean		Western Pacific		Headquarters		TOTAL	
7 750		3 447		3 560		1 295		1 490		4 818		1 954		24 314	

9.5 Systems for surveillance, prevention and control of zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases strengthened; food-hazard monitoring and evaluation programmes established and integrated into existing national surveillance systems, and results disseminated to all key players.	INDICATORS														
	9.5.1 Number of countries that have established or strengthened intersectoral collaboration for the prevention, control and surveillance of foodborne zoonotic diseases				9.5.2 Number of countries that have initiated or strengthened programmes for the surveillance and control of at least one major foodborne zoonotic disease										
	BASELINE														
	20 countries				50 countries										
	TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED BY 2009														
20 countries				50 countries											
Budget (US\$ thousand)															
Africa		The Americas		South-East Asia		Europe		Eastern Mediterranean		Western Pacific		Headquarters		TOTAL	
7 232		2 352		2 076		498		993		1 927		1 954		17 032	

9.6 Capacity built and support provided to Member States, including their participation in international standard-setting in order to increase their ability to assess risk in the areas of zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases and food safety, and to develop and implement national food-control systems, with links to international emergency systems.	INDICATORS						
	9.6.1 Number of selected countries receiving support to participate in international standard-setting activities related to food, such as those of the Codex Alimentarius Commission	9.6.2 Number of selected countries receiving support from WHO that have built national systems for food safety and foodborne zoonoses with international links to emergency systems					
	BASELINE						
	90 countries	None					
	TARGETS TO BE ACHIEVED BY 2009						
90 countries	None						
Budget (US\$ thousand)							
Africa	The Americas	South-East Asia	Europe	Eastern Mediterranean	Western Pacific	Headquarters	TOTAL
7 232	2 768	1 779	1 492	993	3 855	1 954	20 073