

RESOLUTIONS AND DECISIONS¹

WHA57.2 Control of human African trypanosomiasis

The Fifty-seventh World Health Assembly,

Recalling resolutions WHA50.36 and WHA56.7;

Having considered the report on human African trypanosomiasis; 8(1)

Deeply concerned by the resurgence of African trypanosomiasis and its devastating effect on human and livestock populations on the African continent;

Recognizing that the human form of this disease constitutes a major public health problem because of its invariably fatal outcome in untreated cases, the frequency of permanent neurological impairments in treated cases including, especially, permanent mental and psychomotor impairments in children, and its propensity to occur in epidemics;

Further concerned by the growing problems of drug resistance and treatment failure;

Welcoming the high level of political commitment to combat human African trypanosomiasis expressed by government leaders of countries in which the disease is endemic;

Further welcoming the renewed commitment to control this disease expressed in recent initiatives and public-private partnerships, which have greatly relieved the problem of inadequate access to existing drugs;

Noting that, although great strides are being made in controlling this disease, better control tools, including safer and more effective drugs and simplified diagnostic tests, are badly needed,

1. **URGES** Member States:

(1) to continue to give high priority to the control of human African trypanosomiasis;

(2) in endemic areas, to increase human resources and dedicated financing, drawing as appropriate on funds previously used for the purchase of drugs; and to strengthen case detection, diagnosis and treatment, and the infrastructure for doing so;

2. **REQUESTS** the Director-General:

(1) to continue to refine control strategies so as to make maximum use of national and international resources and to prevent further epidemic spread;

(2) to promote among the various sectors and agencies concerned an integrated approach that takes into account the importance of vector control and of control of disease in livestock;

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- (3) to continue to collaborate closely with all partners concerned, notably through the UNICEF/UNDP/World Bank/WHO Special Programme for Research and Training in Tropical Diseases on research to develop safer and more effective drugs and simplified tests for trypanosomal detection;
- (4) to keep the Health Assembly informed of progress in the first year of each biennium.

(Seventh plenary meeting, 21 May 2004 –
Committee A, first report)

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Endnotes

1 (Popup - Popup)

⁸ Document [A57/6](#).